

Apple use, pollination and disease resistance

| | Use (Dual = eating and cooking) | Cider | Juice | Pollination group (* ** good pollinator) | Pick | Store | Scab and canker resistance ¹ |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|---|------|-----------|---|
| Ashmead's Kernel | Eater | * | ** | 4 | Oct | Nov-Feb | ** |
| Ardcairn Russet | Eater | | | 3 | Sept | | * |
| Bardsay | Dual | | | 2 | Sept | Oct | ** |
| Beauty of Bath | Eater | | | 2 | Aug | | ** |
| Ben's Red | Eater | | | 1 | Sept | | ** |
| Bramley's Seedling | Cooker | * | ** | 3 Triploid ² | Oct | Nov-March | * |
| Brownlee's Russet | Dual | | | 2 | Oct | Nov-March | *** |
| Charles Ross | Dual | * | ** | 3 | Sept | | ** |
| Cornish Aromatic | Eater | | | 2 | Oct | Nov-Feb | ***** |
| Coul Blush | Dual | | | 2 | Sept | Oct | *** |
| Court of Wick | Eater | | ** | 3 | Oct | Nov-Dec | **** |
| Court Pendu Plat | Eater | | | 5 | Oct | Nov-Jan | ** |
| Crawley Beauty | Cooker | | | 5 | Oct | Nov-Feb | *** |
| Dabinett | Cider | *** | | 5 | Oct | Nov-Jan | ** |
| D'Arcy Spice | Eater | | ** | 3 | Oct | Nov-May | *** |
| Discovery | Eater | | | 2 | Aug | | ** |
| Egremont Russet | Eater | | ** | 2 | Sept | Oct-Dec | **** |
| Edward VII | Cooker | | | 5 | Oct | Nov-April | * |
| Fiesta | Eater | | | 3 | Sept | Oct-Feb | * |
| Gennet Moyle | Cider | *** | | 2 Triploid ² | Sept | Oct | * |
| Gladstone | Eater | | | 3 | Aug | | *** |
| Greensleeves | Eater | * | * | 3 ** | Oct | Oct-Dec | ** |
| Grenadier | Cooker | | | 3 ** | Aug | Sept-Oct | ***** |
| Harry Masters | Cider | | | 5 | Oct | Oct-Nov | * |
| Honeycrisp | Eater | | ** | 3 | Oct | Oct-Feb | ** |
| Katy | Eater | * | ** | 3 | Sept | Oct | * |
| Keswick Codlin | Dual | | | 1 | Aug | Sept | *** |
| Lane's Prince Albert | Cooker | | ** | 4 ** | Oct | Nov-March | **** |
| Laxton's Superb | Eater | | ** | 3 | Oct | Nov-Jan | * |
| Lemon Pippin | Dual | | | 4 | Oct | Nov-Dec | * |
| Little Pax | Eater | | | 3 | Oct | Oct-Feb | ** |
| Morgan's Sweet | Cider | | | 3 Triploid ² | Sept | Oct | ** |
| Newton Wonder | Cooker | | ** | 5 | Oct | Nov-March | **** |
| Orleans Reinette | Eater | | | 4 | Oct | Nov-Jan | *** |
| Oslin | Eater | | | 2 | Sept | | *** |
| Pitmaston Pineapple | Eater | | | 3 | Oct | | * |
| Pixie/Red Pixie | Eater | | | 4 | Oct | Nov-March | ** |
| Red Devil | Eater | | | 2 | Oct | Oct-Dec | ** |
| Redsleeves | Eater | | | 2 ** | Aug | Aug-Sept | ** |
| Red Windsor | Eater | | | 2 SF ³ | Sept | Sept-Oct | **** |
| Reverend W. Wilks | Cooker | | | 2 | Aug | Sept-Oct | *** |
| Ribston Pippin | Eater | * | ** | 2 Triploid ² | Oct | Oct-Jan | * |
| Rosemary Russet | Eater | | ** | 3 | Oct | Nov-March | *** |
| Rosette | Eater | | | 2 | Aug | Aug-Sept | ** |
| Ross non Pareil | Eater | | | 2 | Sept | Oct-Dec | *** |
| St Edmunds Russet | Eater | * | ** | 2 | Sept | | *** |
| Sunset | Eater | | | 3 | Sept | Oct-Dec | * |
| Tickled Pink | Dual | | ** | 3 | Sept | Sept-Oct | ** |
| Tom Putt | Cooker | * | ** | 3 | Sept | Oct-Nov | *** |
| Tremlett's Bitter | Cider | *** | | 4 | Oct | Oct-Nov | * |
| Yarlington Mill | Cider | *** | | 4 | Oct | Oct-Nov | * |
| Yellow Ingestrie | Eater | | | 1 | Sept | Sept-Oct | * |

¹ All cultivars with an asterisk offered have some canker and scab resistance. Three or more asterisk indicates high resistance.

² Triploids do not pollinate other apple trees ³ SF = self fertile

Pears

Use, pollination and disease resistance

| Variety | Cullinary use | Pollination group ¹ ** good pollinator SF = Self fertile | Pick | Store | Available on quince rootstock | Scab and canker resistance |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---|------|---------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Baronne de Mello | Eating | 3 | Oct | Nov | No | ** |
| Beth | Eating | 3 | Sept | Oct | Yes | ***** |
| Beurre Hardy | Eater | 4 | Oct | | Yes | *** |
| Black Worcester | Cooking | 4 | Oct | Nov-Feb | No | *** |
| Blakeney Red | Perry | 4 Trip | Sept | Oct | No | * |
| Catillac | Cooking | 3** | Sept | Nov-May | Yes | ***** |
| Concorde | Eating | 4 | Oct | Oct-Jan | Yes | ** |
| Conference | Eating | 3 SF | Sept | Oct-Nov | Yes | * |
| Durondeau | Eating | 3 | Sept | Oct | No | ** |
| Fondante d'Automne | Eating | 3 | Sept | Oct | Yes | *** |
| Gin | Perry | 4 | Oct | Nov | No | ***** |
| Gorham | Eating | 1 | Sept | | No | **** |
| Hendre Huffcap | Perry | 4 | Oct | | No | *** |
| Invincible | Eating/Cooking | 2 SF | Sept | Oct-Dec | Yes | **** |
| Jargonelle | Eating | 1 Trip | Aug | | No | *** |
| Judge Amphlet | Perry | 1 | Oct | | No | *** |
| Louise Bonne of Jersey | Eating | 2 | Sept | Oct-Jan | Yes | **** |
| Merton Pride | Eating | 3 Trip | Sept | | Yes | ** |
| Onward | Eating | 4 | Oct | | Yes | *** |
| Precoce de Trevoux | Eating | 2** | Aug | | No | *** |
| Shipover | Eating/Cooking | 4 | Aug | Sept | No | *** |
| Thorn | Perry | 4 | Sept | | No | *** |
| Winnal's Longdon | Perry | 4 | Oct | | No | ***** |
| Yellow Huffcap | Perry | 4 | Oct | | No | *** |

¹ A given variety will be pollinated by another variety of the same or adjacent pollinating group. All self fertile varieties will crop better when there is an additional pollinator of the same or adjacent pollinating group. Triploids will not pollinate other varieties. Varieties not compatible with dwarfing quince rootstock are grafted onto Pyrodwarf (in spite of the name a vigorous rootstock), or onto the very vigorous *Pyrus Kirchsaller* or *Pyrus communis* rootstocks. *Pyrus Kirchsaller* is an improved form of *Pyrus communis*.

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Plums, Gages, Mirabelles, Damsons and Bullaces

Use, pollination and disease resistance

| | Cullinary use | Pollination group ** good pollinator SF Self fertile ¹ | Pick | Disease resistance |
|--|----------------|---|------|--------------------|
| Bullaces | | | | |
| Langley | Cooking | 3 SF | Oct | ***** |
| Damsons | | | | |
| Blue Violet | Eating/Cooking | 3 SF ** | Aug | *** |
| Delma | Eating/Cooking | 2 SF | Aug | *** |
| Farleigh | Eating/Cooking | 2 SF ** | Sept | ***** |
| Shropshire Prune | Eating/Cooking | 3 SF | Sept | *** |
| Plums | | | | |
| Avalon | Eating | 2 | Aug | *** |
| Blaisdon Red | Eating/Cooking | 3 SF ** | Aug | ***** |
| Czar | Eating/Cooking | 3 SF | Aug | *** |
| Edda | Eating | 2 | Sept | *** |
| Gordon Castle | Eating | 3 SF | Sept | ***** |
| Guinevere | Eating | 3 SF | Oct | ** |
| Haganta | Eating | 3 | Sept | *** |
| Herman | Eating | 2 SF | July | *** |
| Jubilee | Eating | 3 SF | Aug | *** |
| Kirke's Blue | Eating | 3 | Sept | *** |
| Marjorie's Seedling | Eating | 5 SF | Oct | *** |
| Opal | Eating | 3 SF | Aug | ***** |
| Victoria | Eating | 3 SF | Sept | poor |
| Violetta | Eating | 3 SF | Aug | ***** |
| Warwickshire Drooper | Eating/Cooking | 2 SF ** | Aug | *** |
| Gages | | | | |
| Coe's Golden Drop | Eating | 2 SF | Oct | *** |
| Denniston's Superb | Eating | 2 SF ** | Sept | *** |
| Oullin's Golden Gage | Eating/Cooking | 4 SF ** | Sept | *** |
| Reine Claude de Bavay | Eating | 3 SF | Sept | *** |
| Stella's Star | Eating/Cooking | 3 SF | Aug | *** |
| Willingham | Eating | 3 SF | Aug | ** |
| Mirabelles | | | | |
| de Nancy | Eating | 1 | Sept | ** |
| Golden Sphere | Eating | 1 | Sept | ** |
| Gypsy | Eating/Cooking | 1 | Sept | ** |
| Ruby | Eating | 1 | Sept | ** |
| ¹ A given variety will be pollinated by another variety of the same or adjacent pollinating group. All self fertile varieties will crop better when there is an additional pollinator of the same or adjacent pollinating group. In most cases good cross-pollination occurs between plums, gages, mirabelles, damsons and bullaces providing they are in the same of adjacent pollinating group. | | | | |

Cherries

Use, pollination, split and canker resistance

| | Colour of fruit | Tree growth ¹ | Cullinary use | Pollination group ** good pollinator SF = self fertile ² | Pick | Split resistance ³ 5 = best | Canker Resistance ⁴ 5 = best |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------|---|------------|---|--|
| Sweet Cherries | | | | | | | |
| Black Oliver | Dark Red | Spreading | Eating | 3 | Early Aug | 5 | 4 |
| Celeste | Dark Red | Dwarf | Eating | 3 SF | Early July | 3 | 3 |
| Colney | Dark Red | Spreading | Eating | 3 | Mid Aug | 3 | 4 |
| Early Rivers | Dark Red | Compact | Eating | 1 | June | 4 | 2 |
| Kordia | Dark Red | Spreading | Eating | 5 | Mid Aug | 3 | 3 |
| Lapins Cherokee | Black | Upright | Eating | 2 SF | Late July | 4 | 3 |
| Merton Glory | White | Spreading | Eating | 2 | Mid July | 1 | 5 |
| Noir de Guben | Dark Red | Compact | Eating | 1 | Late July | 4 | 2 |
| Penny | Black | Spreading | Eating | 4 PSF | Late Aug | 3 | 3 |
| Petit Noir | Black | Dwarf | Eating | 4 SF | Early Aug | 3 | 3 |
| Regina | Black | Spreading | Eating | 3 | Mid July | 4 | 3 |
| Stella | Red | Upright | Eating | 4 SF** | Late July | 2 | 4 |
| Summer Sun | Red | Compact | Eating | 4 | Late July | 3 | 2 |
| Sunburst | Dark Red | Spreading | Eating | 4 SF** | Late July | 1 | 3 |
| Sweetheart | Dark Red | Upright | Eating | 5 SF** | Late Aug | 4 | 3 |
| Van | Black | Compact | Eating | 3 ** | Mid July | 3 | 2 |
| Vega | White | Compact | Eating | 3 | Late July | 2 | 4 |
| Acid Cherries | | | | | | | |
| Morello | Dark Red | Spreading | Cooking | SF | Late July | 4 | 5 |

Notes

¹ Dwarf varieties tend to be weak growing and are best grown on Colt or Gisela 6 semi-dwarf rootstock. Compact varieties are good on Colt, Gisela 6 or the dwarfing rootstock Gisela 5. Unless large trees are required, other varieties are best grown on Gisela 5 rootstock.

² Most self fertile varieties are good pollinators. The variety Penny is regarded as partially self fertile. Non self fertile varieties will be pollinated by a different variety of the same or adjacent pollinating group. For example, Vega (group 2) will be pollinated by any variety in pollination groups 1, 2, or 3.

³ There is considerable variation in the split resistance of the fruit of any given variety. The most influential factors are the weather, the local micro-climate and soil moisture levels. Generally however, cherries are much more prone to splitting when the weather is wet during the ripening period.

⁴ Canker resistance varies a lot according to local environment and micro-climate. Well-ventilated and well-drained sites, where the humidity level around the trees tends to be lower, tend to suffer less from canker. The area immediately around the trees should be kept free from vegetation.

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